

I - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Product: Lithium Shock

Chemical Family: Alkali Hypochlorite

Formula: LiOCI

CAS Number: 13840-33-0

Synonyms: Lith-O-Shock, Lithium Hypochlorite

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

24 HR EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

AllChem Performance Products, LP INFOTRAC (Transportation): (800)535-5053

6010 NW First Place Gainesville, FL 32607 Tel:352-378-9696

II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS/IDENTITY INFORMATION

Exposure Limits Chemical or Common Name: CAS# OSHA PEL: ACGIH TLV: Lithium hypochlorite 13840-33-0 25-32% Sodium Chloride 7647-14-5 36 Sodium Sulfate 7757-82-6 13 Potassium Sulfate 7646-93-7 6 Lithium Chloride 7447-41-8 4 Lithium Carbonate 554-13-2 2 Lithium Chlorate 36355-96-1 2 Lithium Hydroxide 1310-65-2 1

7732-18-5

III - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Precautionary Statement: Highly corrosive. May cause skin and eye damage. Avoid breathing dust. May be fatal if swallowed. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Wear goggles or face shield, and rubber gloves when handling. Irritating to nose and throat. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

7

Primary Route(s) of Entry:

Water

Ingestion: ()
Inhalation: ()
Skin Contact: ()
Eye Contact: ()

Primary Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic):

Potential Health effects: Corrosive to eyes, skin, respiratory tract, and mucous membranes.

Carcinogenity Listings:

OSHA: Not Listed NTP: Not Listed IARC: Not Listed ACGIH: Not Listed

Signs & Symptoms of Exposure:

Ingestion: Inhalation: Skin Contact: Eye Contact:

Medical Conditions Aggravated By Exposure:

IV - FIRST AID MEASURES



Emergency and First Aid Procedures:

Ingestion: Rinse mouth with water. Dilute by giving 1 or 2 glasses of water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. See a medical doctor immediately.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If breathing difficultly or discomfort occurs and persist, see a medical doctor. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration and see a medical doctor immediately.

Skin Contact: Immediately flush with plenty of water while removing contaminated clothing and/or shoes, and thoroughly wash with soap and water. Obtain immediate medical attention. Contact a medical doctor if necessary.

Eye Contact: Immediately flush with water for at least 15 minutes, lifting the upper and lower eyelids intermittently. See a medical doctor or ophthalmologist immediately.

Note to Physician: Lithium hypochlorite is corrosive to eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Consideration should be given to careful endoscopy as stomach or esophageal burns, perforations or strictures may occur. Careful gastric lavage with an endotracheal tube in place should be considered. Observation may be warranted. Treatment is controlled removal of exposure with symptomatic and supportive care.

V – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Flash Point (Method Used): Not applicable

Flammable Limits:

LEL:

Auto-ignition temperature: Not applicable

Extinguishing Media: Use water only. Do not use dry chemical, CO2 or Halon.

Special Fire-fighting Procedures: Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) approved for fire fighting. This is necessary to protect against the hazards of heat, products of combustion and oxygen deficiency. Do not breathe smoke, gases or vapors generated.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:

General Hazard: Oxidizer. Contact with easily oxidizable or combustible materials can cause fire or explosion upon ignition from any source.

Statement of physical and Chemical Hazards: Strong-oxidizing agent. Mix only with water. Use clean, dry utensils. Do not add this product to any dispensing device containing remnants of any other product. Such use may cause a violent reaction leading to fire or explosion Contamination with moisture, organic matter, or other chemicals may start a chemical reaction with generation of hear, liberation of hazardous gases, and possible generation of fire and explosion. In case of contamination or decomposition, do not reseal container. If possible, isolate container in open air and well-ventilated area. Flood with large quantities of water, if necessary.

Hazardous combustion products: Oxygen and toxic chlorine vapors.

Sensitivity to Static Discharge: Not applicable

Sensitivity to Impact: Not applicable

VI - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Steps To Be Taken In Case Material Is Spilled Or Released:

Notes: Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil etc.) away form spilled material. With clean shovel, place into clean dry container, and cover loosely. Dispose of waste according to local and Federal laws and regulations. Before cleanup measures begin, review the entire MSDS.

VII – HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions to Be Taken in Handling and Storage:

Handling: Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly after handling. Storage: Store away from readily oxidizable materials, strong acids, and flammable materials. Protect form moisture. Keep container closed.



Storage and disposal statement: Store in a cool dry place. Do not transfer into unlabeled containers. Close container tightly after each use. Protect from moisture and heat. Completely empty liner by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into application equipment. Then dispose of liner in a sanitary landfill or by incineration if allowed by state and local authorities. If drum is not to be used or is contaminated and cannot be reused, dispose of in the same manner. Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

VIII - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Respiratory Protection: When adequate ventilation is not available, wear a NIOSH/MSHA respirator approved for protection against inorganic and hypochlorite dusts.

Ventilation:

Local Exhaust: Use local exhaust ventilation to keep airborne concentrations below exposure limits.

Mechanical Exhaust:

Other Protective Clothing or Equipment: Safely glasses or goggles, Rubber gloves

Work/ Hygienic Practices: Quick-drench evewash and safety shower.

Exposure limits: Particulates Not Otherwise Classified (PNOC): ACGIH/TWA 10 mg/m³ (inhalable

particulate); 3 mg/m³ (respirable particulate).

IX - PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Boiling Point: Not applicable

Vapor Pressure (mm Hg): Not applicable Vapor Density (Air=1): Not applicable

Solubility in Water: 43% by wt. @ 25°C (77°F)

Appearance and odor: White granular solid. Burning, chlorine-like odor

Specific Gravity (H₂O=1): 0.9 to 1.0 g/cc

Percent volatile by volume:

Melting Point: Decomposes @ 135°C (275°F)

Evaporation Rate: Not applicable pH: (1% solution) @ 25°C: 11 Percent Volatile: Not applicable Molecular Weight: 58.39

Coefficient. Oil/Water: Not applicable

X – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: () Unstable (X) Stable

Conditions to Avoid: Contact with combustible materials (wood, paper, oil). Contamination with moisture.

Strong oxidizer. Contact with combustible material may cause fire. Incompatibility: Acids, oxidizable materials, combustible materials.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Oxygen, lithium hydroxide, and lithium chlorates. Hazardous Polymerization: () May Occur (X) Will Not Occur

Conditions to Avoid:

XI - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Eye effects: Lithium hypochlorite: Severe irritant/corrosive (rabbit) [FMC 187-0987]

Skin effects: Lithium hypochlorite: Corrosive (rabbit) [FMC 187-0988, FMC 190-1162, FMC 191-1204]

Dermal LD₅₀: Lithium Hypochlorite: 8100 mg/kg (rabbit) [FMC 187-0986]

Not a sensitizer (10% saline in guinea pig) [FMC 187-0985]

Oral LD₅₀: Lithium Hypochlorite: 555 mg/kg (rat) [FMC 187-0982]

Inhalation LC₅₀: Lithium Hypochlorite: LC50= 1.8 mg/L (male); 2.1 mg/L (female); 2.0 mg/l (combined) (rat)

[FMC 198-2252]

Acute Effects from Overexposure: This product is severally irritating/corrosive to the eyes (may cause blindness), skin, respiratory tract, and mucous membranes. Chlorate salts (a minor component) may



produce irritation of the stomach, central nervous system depression and kidney effects. Ingestion of sodium sulfate may cause gastrointestinal purging.

Chronic Effects from Overexposure: Lithium hypochlorite did not cause development effects in a study with laboratory animals. It was not mutagenic or genotoxic in several in vitro tests. Excess ingestion of sodium chloride, an ingredient in the mixture, is linked with hypertension and may cause kidney and heart failure. The use of this product in industrial and commercial applications presents no significant toxicity hazard. The symptoms described below are based on therapeutic applications where relatively large doses are taken orally by medically supervised patients.

Lithium Carbonate is used therapeutically at 500-2000 mg/day oral doses for specific mental disorders. Therapeutic effects occur at blood levels of 2.8-8.3 mg of lithium per liter. Minimal signs of toxicity may also occur at these therapeutic levels and involve primarily gastrointestinal upset. Increased dosage can produce tremors, drowsiness and unsteady gait. Signs of toxicity resolve rapidly on cessation of treatment. Prolonged treatment at toxic levels result in dehydration, kidney damage, weight loss and thyroid disturbances. Some studies of pregnant mice and rats were associated with birth defects but only at dose levels large

enough to produce signs of severe maternal toxicity. Although data from the 1970's and 1980's suggested an increase in cardiovascular defects in babies born in women on lithium carbonate therapy, more recent studies have not found any association between lithium exposure and birth defects. Woman receiving therapeutic lithium carbonate treatment at the time of confinement have the potential for delivery of a fetus with poor muscle tone, slowed heart rate and cyanosis. Full recovery usually occurs within 2-10 days postpartum. Therapeutic and greater levels of lithium may pose a risk to the conceptus and potential benefits to the mother are weighed carefully in clinical situations.

Exposure to lithium in industrial settings is not considered to pose a risk to human health. NIOSH studied 25 workers exposed to lithium-containing dust at air concentrations exceeding 10 mg/m3 (nuisance dust limit) and found that typical industrial exposure to lithium will not result in blood levels sufficiently high to produce toxicity in either adults or their offspring. [Health Hazard Evaluation report HHE80-036-922]

Acute Toxicity:

Target Organ Toxicity:

Reproductive and Development Toxicity:

Carcinogenicity: Mutagenicity:

XII- ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This product is toxic to fish and invertebrates. It may be moderately toxic to birds.

Lithium Hypochlorite:

Mallard duck: Acute oral LD50 = 567 mg/kg (slightly toxic) [FMC 187-0992]; 5 day dietary LC50>5000 ppm (practically non-toxic) [FMC 187-0990]

Bobwhite quail: 5 day dietary LC50>5000 ppm (Practically non-toxic) [FMC 187-0989]

Rainbow trout: 96 hour LC50 (static)= 0.2 mg/L (highly toxic) [FMC I87-0995] Bluegill: 96 hour LC50 (static)= 0.28 mg/L (highly toxic) [FMC I87-0993]

Daphnia: 48 hour LC50 (static)= 23 ug/L (very highly toxic) [FMC 187-0994]

Lithium carbonate is expected to be slightly toxic to aquatic invertebrates and freshwater fish.

Daphnia magna: 48 hour EC50= 33.2 mg/L [FMC I96-2085] Rainbow trout: 96 hour LC50= 30.3 mg/L [FMC I96-2086]

Chemical Fate Information: No data available for the product.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS (PR Notice 93-10)

Comments: Statement of Environmental Hazards:

This product is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying



the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water board or Regional Office of the EPA.

XIII - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method: Dispose off waste according to local and Federal laws and regulations.

XIV - TRANSPORTATION DATA

Please refer to applicable regulations or call company noted under Section I.

XV - REGULATORY INFORMATION

UNITED STATES:

SARA TITLE III (Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act)

SARA Section 311 Hazard Category (40 CFR 370): Immediate (acute) health hazard, reactive.

SARA Section 313 Reportable Ingredients (40 CFR 372): this product contains lithium carbonate which is subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Right-To-Know Act of 1986. This information must be included in all MSDS's that are copied and distributed for this material. SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances: Not listed.

CERCLA (Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act) CERCLA Regulatory (40 CFR 302.4): Not listed.

TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act)

TSCA Regulatory (40 CFR 707.60): This product is not subject to TSCA 12 (b) Export Notification Requirements.

TSCA Status (40 CFR 710): All components except for Lithium Chlorate, an impurity, are listed.

STATE REGULATIONS:

California Proposition 65: WARNING. This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause reproductive toxicity.

CANADA:

WHMIS (Workers Hazardous Material Information)

Product Identification No: 1479

Hazard Classification: Class C (Oxidizer)

Class E (Corrosive)

Ingredient Disclosure List: Not listed

NFPA RATING:

3 Health

0 Flammability

1 Reactivity

OXY Special (Oxidizer)

XVI - ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

This MSDS replaces the 07/14/2005 version. Any changes in information are as follows: In Section XIV.

ALWAYS COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE INTERNATIONAL, FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS REGARDING THE TRANSPORTATION, STORAGE, USE AND DISPOSAL OF THIS CHEMICAL.



Due to the changing nature of regulatory requirements, the REGULATORY INFORMATION listed in Section XV of this document should NOT be considered all-inclusive or authoritative. International, Federal, State and Local regulations should be consulted to determine compliance with all required reporting requirements.

The information in this MSDS was obtained from sources, which we believe are reliable. HOWEVER, THE INFORMATION IS PROVIDED WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, REGARDING ITS CORRECTNESS. The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use, and disposal of the product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. FOR THIS AND OTHER REASONS, WE DO NOT ASSUME RESPONSIBILITY AND EXPRESSLY DISCLAIM LIABILITY FOR LOSS, DAMAGE OR EXPENSE ARISING OUT OF OR IN ANY WAY CONNECTED WITH THE HANDLING, STORAGE, USE OR DISPOSAL OF THE PRODUCT. This MSDS was prepared and is to be used only for this product. If the product is used as a component in another product, this MSDS information may not be applicable.

 Issue Date:
 09/29/2003

 Ref No:
 021VTG

 Revision Date:
 01/18/2008

Revision No: 2